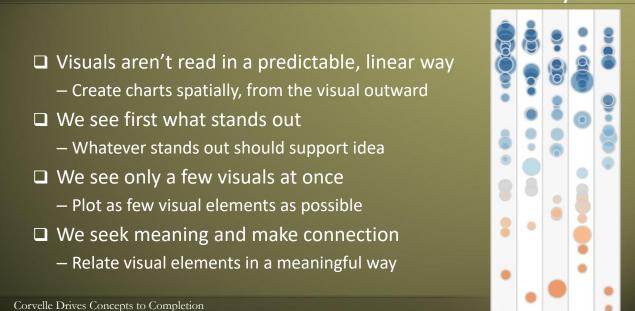
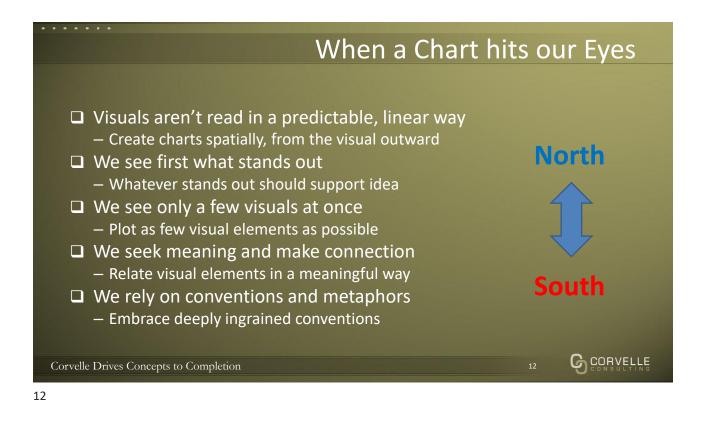
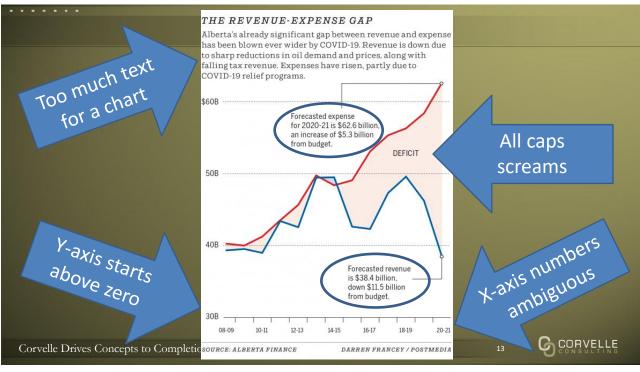


## When a Chart hits our Eyes







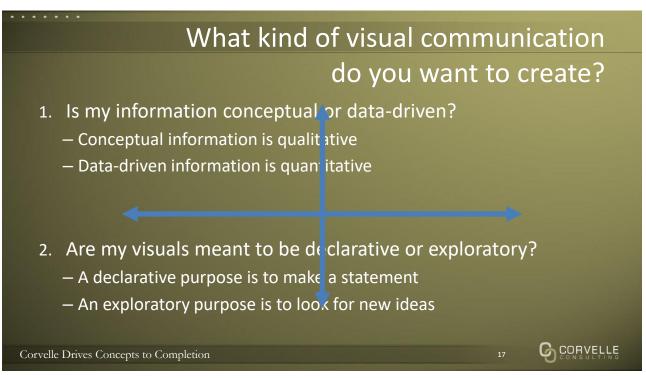


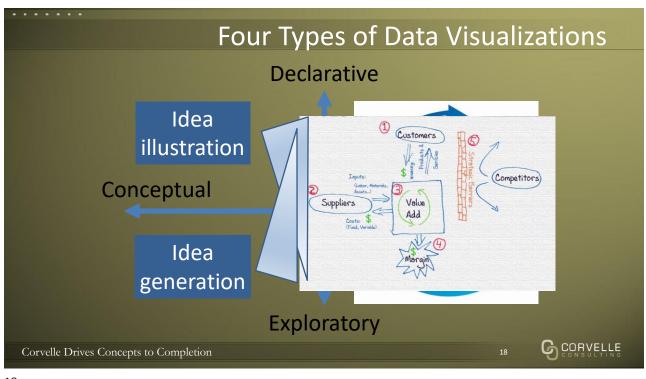


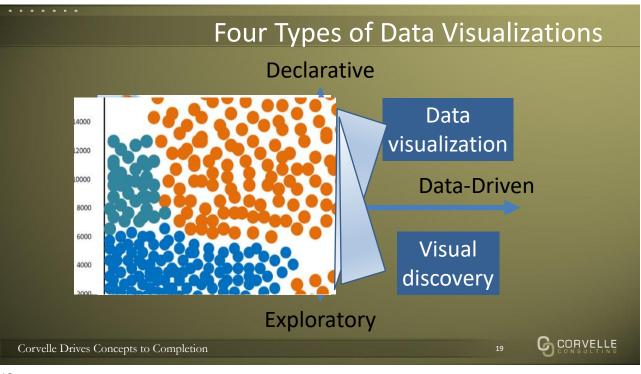




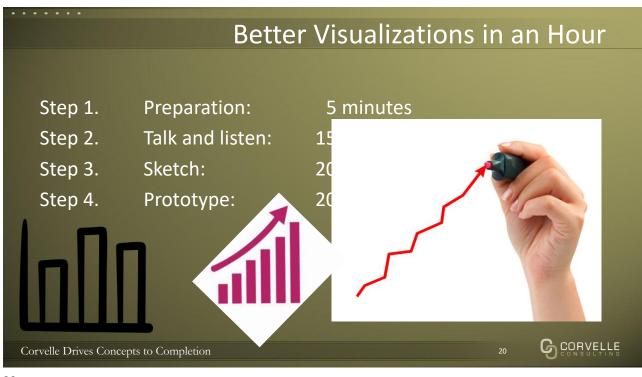


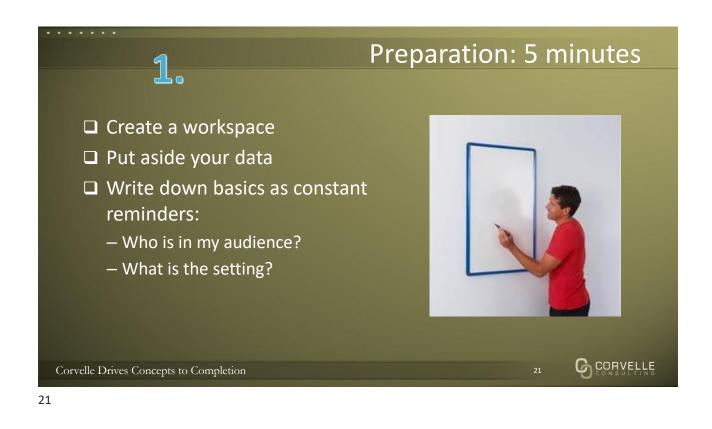




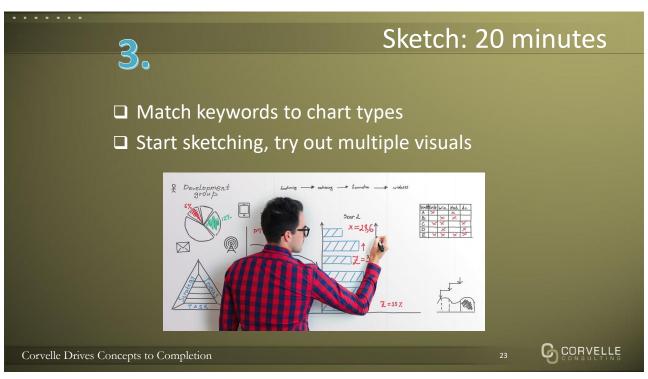


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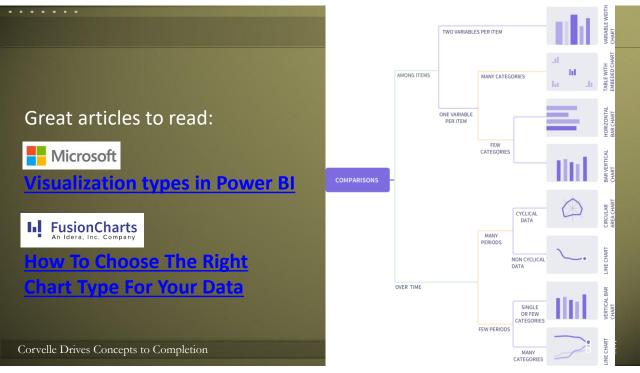




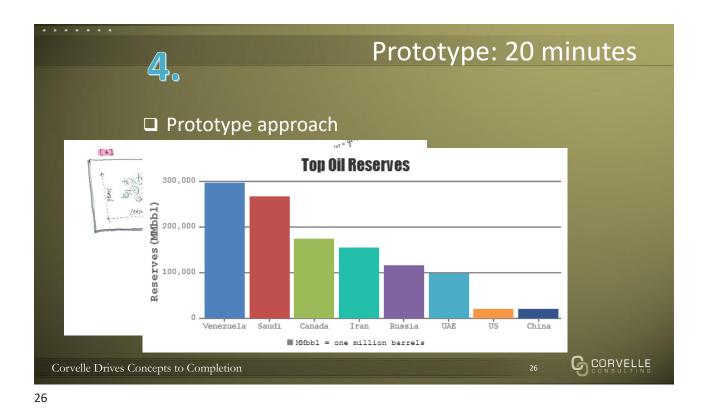


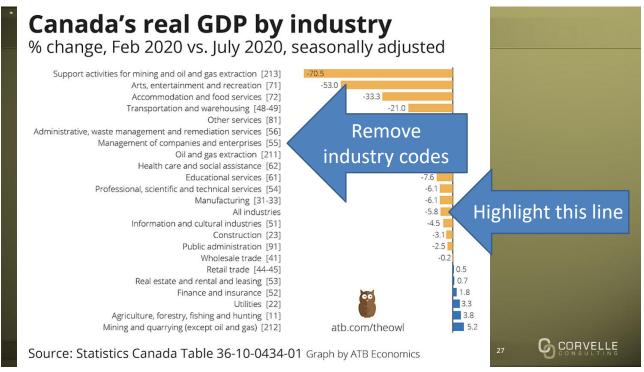


Major Data Visualizations Type	
Visualizations Type	Purpose
Comparison	To compare the magnitude of measures
Change over time	To display the changing trend of measures
Part-to-whole	To identify the parts making up a measure total
Flow	To display a flow or dynamic relations
Ranking	To rank measures in an order
Spatial	To display measures over spatial maps
Distribution	To display the distribution of values
Correlation	To show correlations between measures
Single	To present single values
Narrative	To tell a story with data
s Filter	To control report filters 24

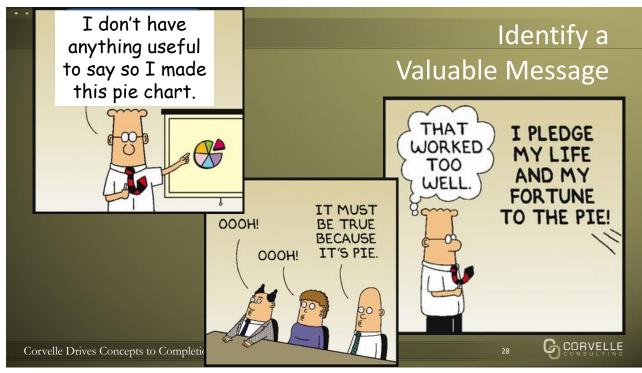


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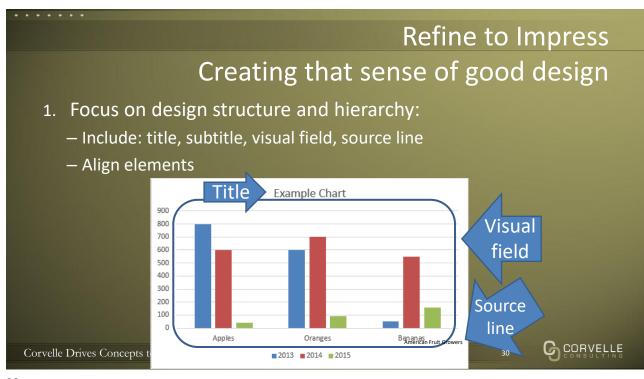


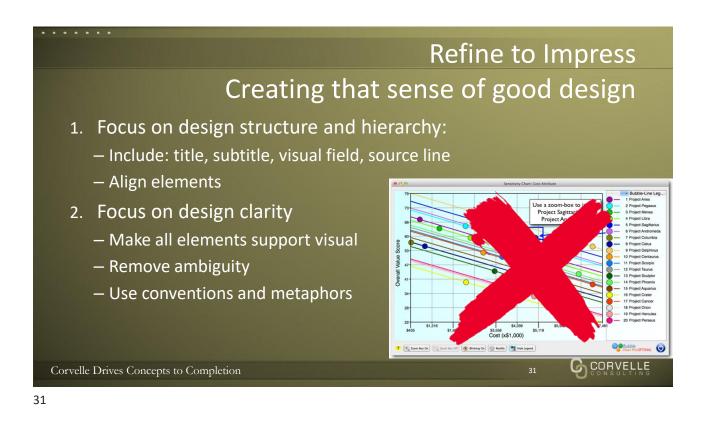


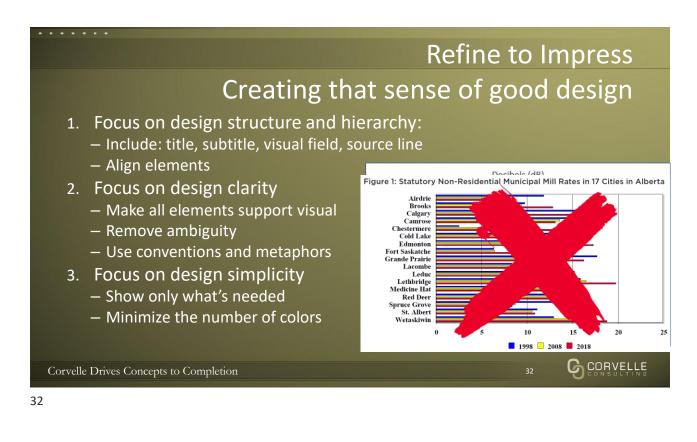


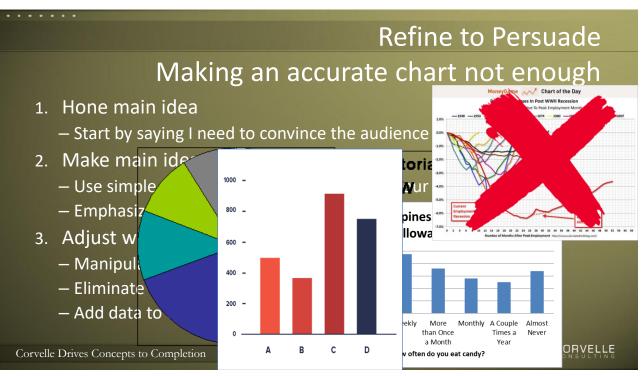


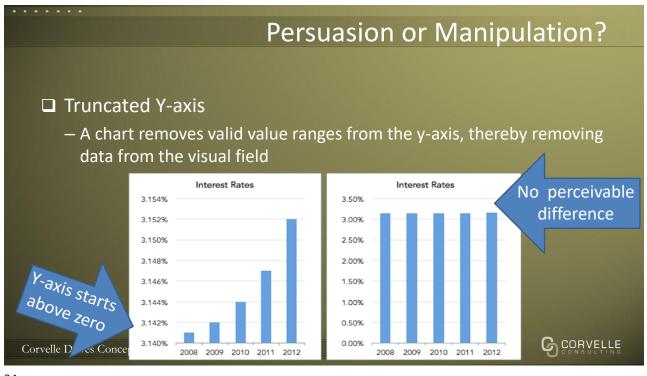


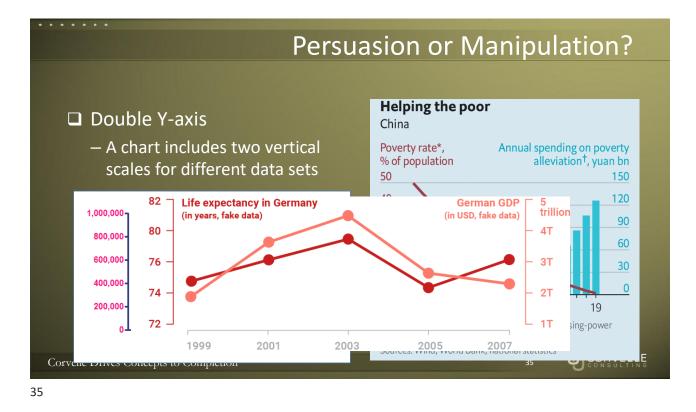


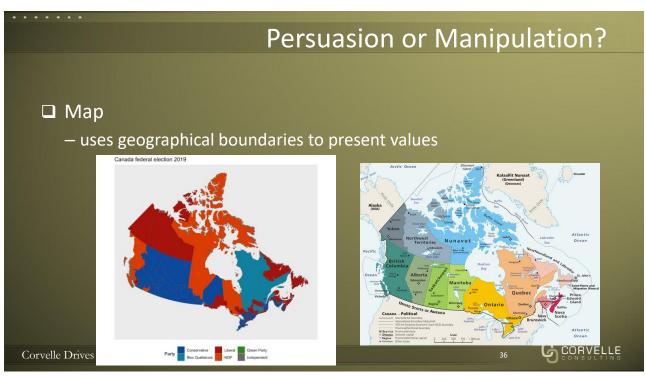


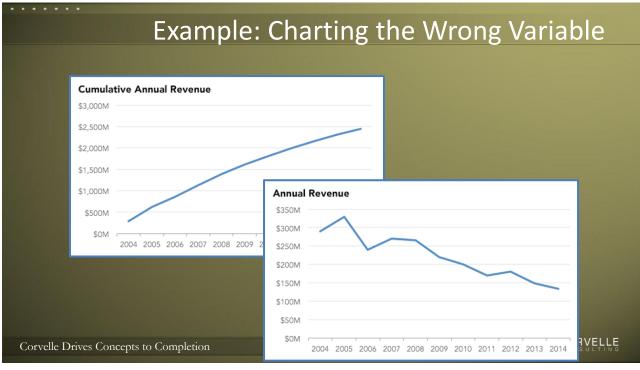




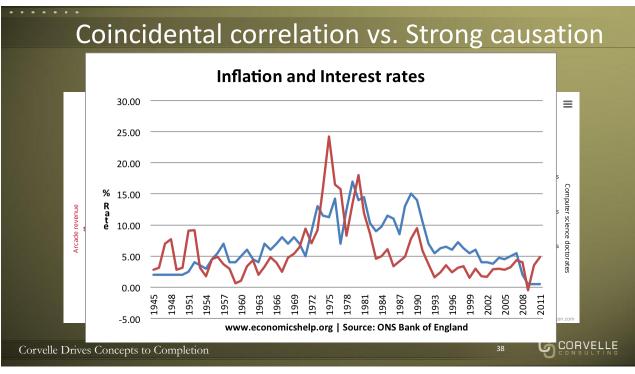




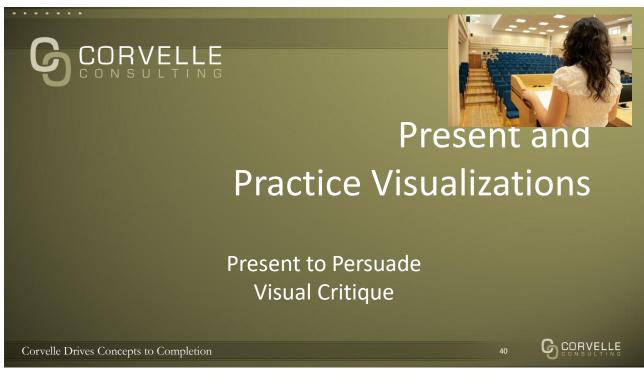


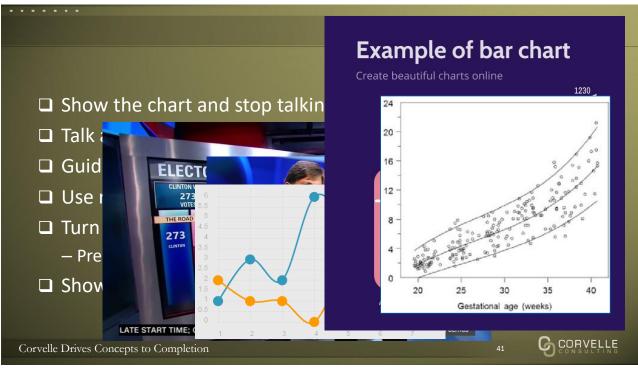




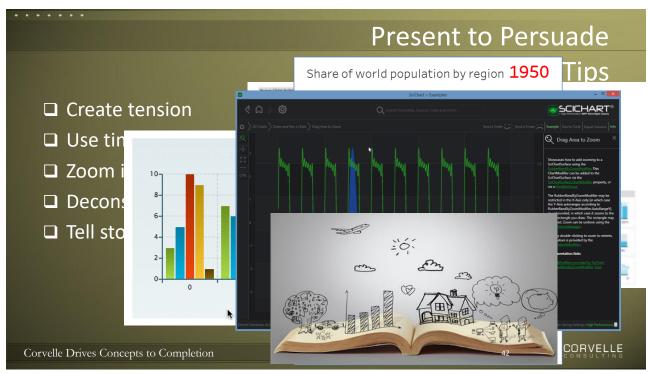




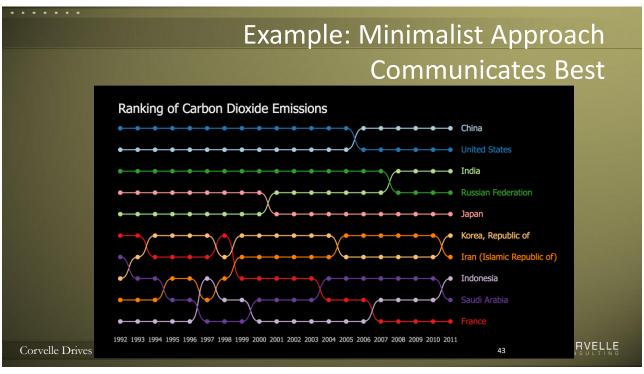


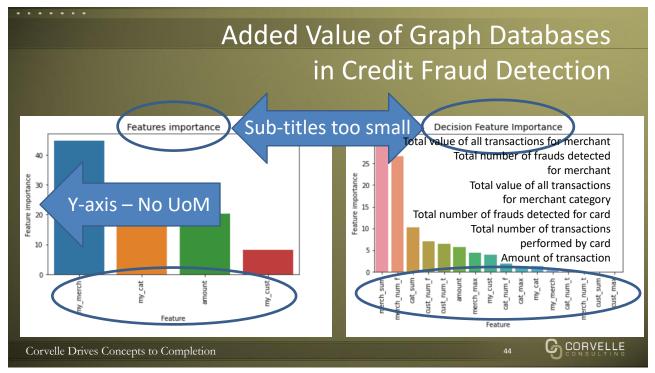


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- 1. What is the most common kind of visual communication?
- 2. How elaborate should your data visualizations be?
- 3. What are some presentation tips?
- 4. Can you describe an opportunity to improve your data visualizations in your immediate area?
- 5. Can you describe an opportunity to improve your data visualizations somewhere in your organization?

Corvelle Drives Concepts to Completion

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